



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below with their correct summary.

- | | | |
|--------------|---|---|
| Gen. 1:1-8 | ✗ | God made mankind in His image |
| Gen. 1:24-28 | ✗ | God created everything by the power of His word |
| Heb. 11:1-7 | ✗ | God made all things |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"In the beginning" (Gen. 1:1)

- A.) yesterday B.) 1,000 years ago **C.) the beginning of time**

"In his own image" (Gen. 1:27)

- A.) made in the likeness of a dog **B.) made in the likeness of God**
C.) made in the likeness of a tree

"By the word of God" (Heb. 11:3)

- A.) hard work and labor B.) pre-existing materials
C.) God's powerful, kingly commands alone

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"In the beginning"

"Image"

"Word"

- Everything I see was created by God in the beginning (Gen. 1:1).
- God made me and sustains me by His word (Heb. 11:3).
- All people have value because God made them in His image (Gen. 1:27).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God is the Creator?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below with their correct summary.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| Psa. 90:1-11 | God will always rule as king |
| Psa. 93:1-5 | God should always be praised as the eternal king |
| 1 Tim. 1:12-17 | God will always be the refuge of His people |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"From everlasting to everlasting" (Psa. 90:2)

- A.) God had a beginning **B.) God is without beginning or end**
C.) God will have an end

"Your throne is established from of old" (Psa. 93:2)

- A.) God is not the king **B.) God is the forever king**
C.) God is the temporary king

"Be honor and glory forever and ever" (1 Tim. 1:17)

- A.) God should be praised as the eternal king**
B.) mankind should be praised as his own king
C.) mankind should withhold his praise to God

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Honor and glory" "Established from of old"
"Everlasting to everlasting"

- God will never grow old because He is from everlasting to everlasting (Psa. 90:2).
- God will always rule the world because His reign was established of old (Psa. 93:2).
- I should give honor and glory to God because He is my eternal king (1 Tim. 1:17).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God is eternal?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below with their correct summary.

- Exod. 15:1-18 — God always acts with perfect justice
Job 34:1-15 — Israel praised God's holiness after their deliverance from Egypt
Isa. 6:1-13 — The prophet's vision of God's complete holiness

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Who is like you" (Exod. 15:11)

- A.) God is common and ordinary B.) God is similar to other beings
☒ C.) no one is like God

"God will not do wickedly" (Job 34:12)

- A.) God acts wickedly sometimes B.) God acts just sometimes
☒ C.) God always acts with perfect justice

"Holy, holy, holy" (Isa. 6:3)

- A.) God is somewhat holy ☒ B.) God is completely holy
C.) God is somewhat evil

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Who is like you" "Holy, holy, holy"
"God will not do wickedly"

- You are uncommon and righteous; who is like you (Exod. 15:11).
- I can rely on God to do the right thing because God will not do wickedly (Job 34:12).
- Holy, holy, holy are you, O Lord, the most pure being in all the universe (Isa. 6:3).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God is holy and just?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- Exod. 34:1-9 ~~→~~ God demonstrates His mercy and grace by forgiving sinners
Psa. 100:1-5 ~~→~~ God's mercy and grace compel His people to praise and serve Him
Mic. 7:18-20 ~~→~~ God declared His mercy and grace to Moses

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"The LORD, a God merciful and gracious" (Exod. 34:6)

- ☒ A.) God declared Himself full of pity and favor toward man
B.) God declared Himself to be evil and full of wrath
C.) God declared Himself unconcerned about the plight of man

"His steadfast love endures forever" (Psa. 100:5) God deals with His people:

- A.) with no mercy B.) with occasional mercy ☒ C.) with consistent mercy

"He delights in steadfast love" (Mic. 7:18) God has mercy on sinners because:

- A.) of their good works B.) they practice religious rituals
☒ C.) of His steadfast love

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"His steadfast love endures forever"

"He delights in steadfast love"

"The LORD, a God merciful and gracious"

- I can be saved because He is The LORD, a God merciful and gracious (Exod. 34:6).
- I should praise God because His steadfast love endures forever (Psa. 100:5).
- God will forgive and restore me; He delights in steadfast love (Mic. 7:18).
- God saves sinners because He is The LORD, a God merciful... (Exod. 34:6).
- God is worthy of my praise since His steadfast love endures forever (Psa. 100:5).
- I can go to God for forgiveness; He delights in steadfast love (Mic. 7:18).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God is merciful and gracious?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- Gen. 3:1-7 — Adam and Eve disobeyed God by listening to Satan
Eccl. 7:25-29 — Adam's sin brought death, but Jesus' obedience brought life
Rom. 5:12-21 — Adam and Eve's sin impacted society

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"She took of its fruit and ate," "And he ate" (Gen. 3:6)

- ☒ A.) they disobeyed God ☐ B.) they disobeyed Satan
☐ C.) they withstood temptation

"They have sought out many schemes" (Eccl. 7:29)

- ☒ A.) Adam and Eve's sin had a wicked effect on society
☐ B.) Adam and Eve's sin had a positive effect on society
☐ C.) Adam and Eve's sin had no effect on society

"Sin came into the world through one man" (Rom. 5:12)

- ☐ A.) Adam's sin corrupted part of human nature
☒ B.) Adam's sin corrupted all of human nature
☐ C.) Adam's sin brought no corruption to human nature

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"She took of its fruit and ate"
"Sin came into the world through one man"
"They have sought out many schemes"

- Eve listened to Satan when she took of its fruit and ate (Gen. 3:6).
- God made mankind holy, but they have sought out many schemes (Eccl. 7:29).
- Adam's sin affected me because sin came into the world... (Rom. 5:12).
- Mankind is no longer righteous; they have sought out many... (Eccl. 7:29).
- Temptation overcame Eve when she took of its fruit and ate (Gen. 3:6).
- When sin came into the world through one man, it affected me (Rom. 5:12).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Adam and Eve sinned?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|---------------|--|---|
| Mark 7:14-23 | | The lost make a habitual practice of sin |
| Rom. 3:21-26 | | Human failure requires Christ's righteousness |
| 1 John 3:4-10 | | Sin defiles us from within |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"The things that come out of a person" (Mark 7:15)

- ☒ A.) sin consists only of outward things we do
☒ B.) sin is an inner corruption of our nature
☐ C.) sin is not real

"Fall short of the glory of God" (Rom. 3:23)

- ☐ A.) all people live up to God's standard
☐ B.) some people fail to live up to God's standard
☒ C.) all people fail to live up to God's standard

"Sin is lawlessness" (1 John 3:4)

- ☒ A.) we break God's Law when we sin
☐ B.) we keep God's Law when we sin
☐ C.) our sin has no bearing on God's Law

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Fall short of the glory of God"
"The things that come out of a person"
"Sin is lawlessness"

- The things that come out of a person refers to my sin nature that prompts my sinful actions (Mark 7:15).
- When I sin, I fall short of the glory of God (Rom. 3:23).
- I break God's Law when I sin because sin is lawlessness (1 John 3:4).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that we are all sinners?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

Jer. 13:20-27

Rom. 8:1-8

Life in the Spirit contrasted with life in the flesh

God's judgment against Judah's sin

2

What do these key phrases mean?

Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Then also you can do good who are accustomed to do evil" (Jer. 13:23)

A.) humanity is good B.) humanity is evil, but getting better

C.) humanity is evil and remains that way

"Those who are in the flesh cannot please God" (Rom. 8:8)

A.) good works please God B.) nothing offered in the flesh pleases God

C.) religious rituals please God

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Those who are in the flesh cannot please God"
"Accustomed to do evil"

- I cannot change my sin because I am accustomed to do evil (Jer. 13:23).
- The lost are estranged from God because those who are in the flesh cannot please God (Rom. 8:8).
- Fallen society remains wicked because it is accustomed to do evil (Jer. 13:23).
- God condemns the lost because those who are in the flesh cannot please God (Rom. 8:8).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that we cannot change ourselves?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- Matt. 12:33-37 — A tree, its fruit, and the consequences
Heb. 9:23-28 — Judgment at the great white throne
Rev. 20:11-15 — Christ's single sacrifice for sinners

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"On the day of judgment people will give account" (Matt. 12:36)

- A.) God does not know our sin, so we are not accountable
B.) God knows our sin but chooses not to judge
☒ C.) God knows our sin and will hold us accountable

"After that comes judgment" (Heb. 9:27)

- A.) we cease to exist after we die
B.) everyone goes to heaven and does not face judgment
☒ C.) we live on after death and face certain judgment

"According to what they had done" (Rev. 20:12)

- ☒ A.) our works are judged according to God's standards
B.) our works are judged according to our own standards
C.) our works are not judged

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"On the day of judgement people will give account"
"According to what they had done" "After that comes judgement"

- Everyone faces death and after that comes judgement (Heb. 9:27).
- The Lord judges the dead according to what they had done (Rev. 20:12).
- The sins of the lost will not go unpunished, but on the day of judgement people will give account (Matt. 12:36).
- Death is not the end, but after that comes judgement (Heb. 9:27).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that we are headed for judgment?



Consider the **Meaning**

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|----------|--|-----------------------------|
| Eph. 1:4 | | Chosen by God for adoption |
| Eph. 1:5 | | Chosen by God for holiness |
| Eph. 1:6 | | Chosen by God for His glory |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Before the foundation of the world" (Eph. 1:4) God planned salvation:

- A.) after the Fall B.) after Jesus' crucifixion
☒ C.) before Creation

"Predestined us for adoption" (Eph. 1:5) God purposed in redemption to:

- ☒ A.) bring us into His family
B.) send us to prison
C.) make us only servants

"To the praise of his glorious grace" (Eph. 1:6) Salvation's plan:

- A.) glorifies man by highlighting his good works
☒ B.) glorifies God by highlighting His grace C.) glorifies no one

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Predestined us for adoption"
"Before the foundation of the world"
"To the praise of his glorious grace"

- The Father planned to redeem sinners _____
before the foundation of the world (Eph. 1:4).
- The Lord desired fellowship with us and _____
predestined us for adoption (Eph. 1:5).
- God saves sinners by the work of His Son _____
to the praise of his glorious grace (Eph. 1:6).
- Believers are God's children because He _____
predestined us for adoption (Eph. 1:5).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God planned our redemption?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- Psa. 19:7-11 — God's Word endures forever
Isa. 40:6-8 — The purpose and perfection of God's Word
2 Pet. 1:16-21 — Christ's glory revealed and God's Word inspired

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"The law of the LORD is perfect" (Psa. 19:7)

- A.) the Bible has some errors **B.) the Bible has no errors**
C.) the Bible has many errors

"The word of our God will stand forever" (Isa. 40:8)

- A.) Scripture truths change over time B.) some Scripture truths endure while others change over time **C.) Scripture truths endure forever**

"Men spoke from God as they were carried along by the Holy Spirit" (2 Pet. 1:21)

- A.) the Holy Spirit inspired men to write the Bible**
B.) men had no guidance when writing the Bible
C.) the Holy Spirit inspired men to write some parts, but not others

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"The word of our God will stand forever"

"Men spoke from God as they were carried along by the Holy Spirit"

"The law of the LORD is perfect"

- The law of the LORD is perfect, so I should trust it (Psa. 19:7).
- Scripture will endure all attacks because the word of our God will stand forever (Isa. 40:8).
- The Bible is without error because men spoke from God as they were carried along by the Holy Spirit (2 Pet. 1:21).
- The promises of Scripture will never change because the word of our God will stand forever (Isa. 40:8).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God gave His Word?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Gen. 3:14-19 | | A royal hope for a future king |
| Isa. 7:10-17 | | The prophecy of Immanuel's birth |
| Isa. 9:1-7 | | The consequences of the Fall and comfort to come |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"He shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise his heel" (Gen. 3:15)

- A.) Jesus would defeat Satan at no cost to Himself
B.) Satan would defeat Jesus
C.) Jesus would defeat Satan but at great pain to Himself

"Shall call his name Immanuel" (Isa. 7:14)

- A.) the promised Savior is a good man
B.) the promised Savior is a bad man
C.) the promised Savior is God Himself

"To us a son is given" (Isa. 9:6)

- A.) God sent His Son to save us** B.) God sent His Son to condemn us
C.) God did not send His Son

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Immanuel" "To us a son is given"
"He shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise his heel"

- God predicted salvation through Christ when He told the serpent, he shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise his heel (Gen. 3:15).
- Immanuel can save me because He is God (Isa. 7:14).
- To us a son is given is God's promise to send His Son to save (Isa. 9:6).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God promised a Savior?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|--------------|--|---|
| John 1:1-18 | | The Son's mission in the fullness of time |
| John 3:16-21 | | The Father's purpose when sending His Son |
| Gal. 4:1-7 | | The Word came into the world |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"The Word became flesh" (John 1:14)

- ☒ A.) God's Son became a real man
B.) God's Son appeared to be a man
C.) God's Son was only part man

"He gave his only Son" (John 3:16)

- A.) God's Son gives eternal life only to the deserving
B.) God's Son cannot give eternal life
☒ C.) God's Son gives eternal life to sinners

"But when the fullness of time had come" (Gal. 4:4)

- A.) God sent His Son at a random time in history
☒ B.) God sent His Son at the perfect time in history
C.) God did not send His Son

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"The Word became flesh"
"But when the fullness of time had come"
"He gave his only Son"

- The Word became flesh to save the lost (John 1:14).
- He gave his only Son, so I can have everlasting life (John 3:16).
- But when the fullness of time.. Jesus came to redeem sinners (Gal. 4:4).
- The Word became flesh as part of the Father's eternal plan (John 1:14).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that God sent His Son as a man?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- Matt. 5:17-20 — Adam's sin brought death, but Jesus' obedience brought life
Rom. 5:12-21 — Jesus' approach to God's Law
1 Pet. 2:21-25 — A call to follow Christ's godly example

2

What do these key phrases mean?

Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"I have not come to abolish them but to fulfill them" (Matt. 5:17)

- ☒ A.) Jesus kept and fulfilled the Law B.) Jesus broke the Law
☐ C.) Jesus partially kept the Law and fulfilled it

"By the one man's obedience the many will be made righteous" (Rom. 5:19)

- ☐ A.) Jesus' righteousness has no effect
☒ B.) Jesus' righteousness makes Christians righteous
☐ C.) Jesus is not righteous

"He committed no sin" (1 Pet. 2:22)

- ☐ A.) Jesus occasionally sinned B.) Jesus always sinned
☒ C.) Jesus never sinned

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"To fulfill"

"He committed no sin"

"By the one man's obedience the many will be made righteous"

- Adam's sin cursed the human race, but by the one man's obedience the many will be made righteous (Rom. 5:19).
- Jesus is the perfect Savior; he committed no sin (1 Pet. 2:22).
- I have broken God's Law, but Christ came to fulfill _____ it on my behalf (Matt. 5:17).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus lived a perfect life?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- Rom. 5:1-8 ————— Right standing with God through Jesus Christ
2 Cor. 5:11-21 ————— The humility of God's Son applied
Phil. 2:1-11 ————— Paul's Christ-centered ministry of reconciliation

2

What do these key phrases mean?

Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Christ died for us" (Rom. 5:8) Christ died for us while:

- A.) we were neutral about God **B.) we were the enemies of God**
C.) we were the friends of God

"He made him to be sin who knew no sin" (2 Cor. 5:21)

- A.) the Father punished Christ for our sins**
B.) the Father punished Christ for His own sins
C.) the Father did not punish Christ on the cross

"Obedient to the point of death, even death on a cross" (Phil. 2:8)

- A.) Jesus died as a pointless tragedy B.) Jesus died as the result of His crimes
C.) Jesus died in obedience to the Father's plan

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Obedient to the point of death,
even death on a cross"

"Christ died for us"

"He made him to be sin who knew no sin"

- Christ died for us, who were sinners (Rom. 5:8).
- I was reconciled to the Father because He made him to be sin who knew no sin (2 Cor. 5:21).
- Jesus yielded fully to the Father's will when He became obedient to the point of death, even death on a cross (Phil. 2:8).
- While we were still God's enemies, Christ died for us (Rom 5:8).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus died for our sins?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|-----------------|-------|--|
| Matt. 28:1-10 | _____ | Personal encounters with the risen Savior |
| Rom. 4:18-25 | _____ | Resurrection realities and rewards |
| 1 Cor. 15:20-28 | _____ | Abraham's example of faith is realized in the gospel |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"He has risen, as he said" (Matt. 28:6)

- A.) Jesus' disciples stole His body
- B.) the ladies at the tomb imagined the whole thing
- ☒ C.) Jesus rose again exactly as He predicted

"Raised for our justification" (Rom. 4:25)

- ☒ A.) the Father raised Jesus to guarantee our salvation
- B.) the Father raised Jesus to scare the soldiers at the tomb
- C.) the Father did not raise Jesus

"Christ has been raised from the dead" (1 Cor. 15:20)

- ☒ A.) Jesus rose from the dead and continues to live and reign
- B.) Jesus rose from the dead but died at a later time
- C.) Jesus only appeared to have risen from the dead

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Raised for our justification"

"He is risen, as he said"

"Christ has been raised from the dead"

- Jesus did not remain in the tomb; He is risen, as he said (Matt. 28:6).
- Christ died for our sins and was raised for our justification (Rom. 4:25).
- Christ has been raised from the dead and reigns over the universe (1 Cor. 15:20).
- Jesus was raised for our justification by the Father (Rom. 4:25).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus rose again?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

Acts 1:6-11

Rom. 8:31-39

Phil. 2:1-11

The humility of God's Son applied

Eternal security in Christ's love

Christ's Ascension and promised return

2

What do these key phrases mean?

Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"He was lifted up" (Acts 1:9)

A.) Christ remained on earth after the Resurrection

☒ B.) Christ returned to heaven after the Resurrection

C.) Christ neither rose nor returned to heaven

"At the right hand of God" (Rom. 8:34)

A.) Christ does nothing before God

B.) Christ is not before God ☒ C.) Christ intercedes for me before God

"God has highly exalted him" (Phil. 2:9)

After the Resurrection, the Father:

☒ A.) glorified Jesus B.) punished Jesus C.) did nothing with Jesus

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"God has highly exalted him"

"Was lifted up"

"At the right hand of God"

- I do not fear Satan's accusations because Jesus is at the right hand of God interceding for me (Rom. 8:34).
- Jesus humbled Himself in death, but God has highly exalted him after the Resurrection (Phil. 2:9).
- Jesus was lifted up to heaven but will return one day (Acts 1:9).
- Jesus intercedes for His people At the right hand of God (Rom. 8:34).
- Jesus was lifted up into heaven where He intercedes for me (Acts 1:9).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus ascended to the right hand of God?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

Rom. 6:15-23

Eph. 2:1-10

Spiritual life in Christ by grace

Free from sin but slaves to righteousness

2

What do these key phrases mean?

Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"But the free gift of God is eternal life" (Rom. 6:23)

A.) God gives eternal life to those who earn it

B.) God grants eternal life to no one

☒ C.) God freely gives eternal life to sinners through Christ

"For by grace you have been saved through faith" (Eph. 2:8)

☒ A.) grace compelled God to save sinners

B.) our personal righteousness compelled God to save us

C.) God saves no one

"So that no one may boast" (Eph. 2:9)

A.) Christians should take pride in their salvation

B.) God's grace should produce high self-esteem

☒ C.) we should respond to grace with humility and gratitude

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"But the free gift of God is eternal life" "So that no one may boast"
"By grace you have been saved through faith"

- I deserve to go to hell for my sins, but the free gift of God is eternal life (Rom. 6:23).
- Salvation is an act of God's mercy since it says, by grace you have been saved through faith (Eph. 2:8).
- My sin is worthy of death, but the free gift of God is eternal life (Rom. 6:23).
- Good deeds cannot save us so that no one may boast (Eph. 2:9).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that salvation is a free gift?



Consider the **Meaning**

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|----------------|---|---|
| Rom. 5:1-8 | ✗ | New life in the Spirit |
| Rom. 8:1-11 | ✗ | Right standing with God through Jesus Christ |
| 2 Cor. 5:11-21 | ✗ | Paul's Christ-centered ministry of reconciliation |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"We have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ" (Rom. 5:1)

- A.) peace with God comes through being a nice person
- B.) peace with God is impossible
- ☒ C.) peace with God comes through the work of Jesus

"No condemnation for those who are in Christ Jesus" (Rom. 8:1)

- ☒ A.) Christians will not experience God's wrath
- B.) moral people will not experience God's wrath
- C.) God will not pour out wrath on anyone

"In Christ God was reconciling the world to himself" (2 Cor. 5:19)

God puts sinners in right standing by:

- A.) the charitable deeds of sinners
- ☒ B.) the work of His Son Jesus Christ
- C.) the sorrow of sinners

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"In Christ God was reconciling the world to himself"

"No condemnation"

"We have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ"

- A Christian's strife with the Lord is over since we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ (Rom. 5:1).
- For the converted, there is no condemnation from God (Rom. 8:1).
- I can have hope in life and eternity because in Christ God was reconciling the world to himself (2 Cor. 5:19).
- Believers experience true joy because we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ (Rom. 5:1).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that salvation makes us right with God?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

2 Cor. 5:11-21

The Living Stone and His holy people

1 Pet. 2:1-12

Paul's Christ-centered ministry of reconciliation

2

What do these key phrases mean?

Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"He is a new creation" (2 Cor. 5:17)

- A.) those in Christ remain the same
- B.) those not in Christ gain new spiritual life
- ☒ C.) those in Christ gain new spiritual life

"A people for his own possession" (1 Pet. 2:9)

- A.) Christians belong to nobody
- B.) Christians belong to themselves
- ☒ C.) Christians belong to God

"But now you are God's people" (1 Pet. 2:10)

- A.) only the rich are the people of God
- ☒ B.) only Christians are the people of God
- C.) only the famous are the people of God

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"He is a new creation"

"But now you are God's people"

"A people for his own possession"

- A believer does not remain the same; He is a new creation (2 Cor. 5:17).
- Christians are redeemed by Jesus as a people for his own possession (1 Pet. 2:9).
- You were once without hope and alienated from the Lord, but now you are God's people (1 Pet. 2:10).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that salvation changes today?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- John 5:24-30  Jesus is the resurrection and the life
- John 11:17-27  Christ's power to give life and to pass judgment

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Does not come into judgement" (John 5:24)

- A.) those in Christ come under judgment
☒ B.) those in Christ do not come under judgment
C.) no one comes under judgment

"Yet shall he live" (John 11:25)

- ☒ A.) Christians live on with Christ after death
B.) Christians cease to exist after death
C.) Christians go to hell after death

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Yet shall he live"

"Does not come into judgment"

- A Christian is safe from God's wrath and does not come into judgement (John 5:24).
- Though a Christian dies, yet shall he live with Christ in eternity (John 11:25).
- The one in Christ has spiritual life and does not come into judgement (John 5:24).
- Eternal life is sure; though a believer dies, yet shall he live (John 11:25).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that salvation changes eternity?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

Matt. 11:25-30 ————— Christ's loving call to the weary

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"You will find rest for your souls" (Matt. 11:29)

- A.) those who ignore Christ's call find rest
- ☒ B.) those who answer Christ's call find rest
- C.) those who consider Christ's call find rest

"Burden is light" (Matt. 11:30) Answering Christ's call:

- A.) guarantees financial prosperity
- B.) makes us popular with the world
- ☒ C.) removes the burden of sin

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"You will find rest for your souls"

"Burden is light"

- If you answer Christ's call, you will find rest for your souls (Matt. 11:29).
- The weight of sin is heavy, but Christ's burden is light (Matt. 11:30).
- If you are weary, go to Christ and you will find rest for your souls (Matt. 11:29).
- Those who are in Christ can rejoice because their burden is light (Matt. 11:30).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Christ calls sinners to salvation?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|--------------|---|---|
| Mark 1:14-15 | — | The Word came into the world |
| John 1:1-18 | — | Christ announces His gospel message |
| Rom. 10:5-13 | — | God's righteousness gained by faith in Christ |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Repent and believe in the gospel" (Mark 1:15)

- A.) repentance and faith are suggestions for salvation
- B.) repentance and faith are unneeded for salvation
- ☒ C.) repentance and faith are essential for salvation

"Who believed in his name" (John 1:12)

- ☒ A.) belief in all the claims of Christ
- B.) belief in some of the claims of Christ
- C.) belief in none of the claims of Christ

"Believe in your heart" (Rom. 10:9)

- A.) a shallow, superficial belief in Christ
- ☒ B.) a deep, inner belief in Christ
- C.) no belief in Christ

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Who believed in his name"

"Believe in your heart"

"Repent and believe in the gospel"

- Christ commands me to repent and believe the gospel (Mark 1:15).
- The ones who believed in his name became children of God (John 1:12).
- Repent and believe in your heart unto salvation (Rom. 10:9).
- All who believed in his name enjoyed eternal life when they died (John 1:12).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Christ commands us to repent and believe the gospel?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

Matt. 28:16-20	_____	The King's assignment to His servants
Acts 2:37-41	_____	Paul's testimony before a hostile audience
Acts 22:14-21	_____	Peter's appeal to the unconverted

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Baptizing them" (Matt. 28:19) Christ commanded baptism for:
A.) the curious B.) the uncommitted **C.) the committed**

"Be baptized everyone of you" (Acts 2:38)
Those who turn from their sin and believe on Christ should:
A.) consider baptism **B.) obey Christ in baptism** C.) reject baptism

"Rise and be baptized" (Acts 22:16) Ananias baptized Paul after he:
A.) committed to Christ B.) showed interest in Christianity
C.) renounced Christ

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Rise and be baptized" "Baptizing them"
"Be baptized everyone of you"

- The Great Commission involves discipling converts and baptizing them (Matt. 28:19).
- be baptized everyone of you after repenting and believing on Jesus Christ (Acts 2:38).
- Those who embrace Christ should rise and be baptized (Acts 22:16).
- The apostles obeyed Christ by teaching new believers and baptizing them (Matt. 28:19).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth of following Christ in baptism?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

1 Thess. 5:4-11

Holding fast our Christian confession together

Heb. 10:23-25

A Christian's lifestyle of light

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"Encourage one another and build one another up" (1 Thess. 5:11)

- ☒ A.) the church should help believers grow
- ☐ B.) the church should harm believers
- ☐ C.) the church should ignore believers

"Stir up one another to love and good works" (Heb. 10:24)

- ☐ A.) we should stir up controversy in the church
- ☐ B.) we should focus only on ourselves
- ☒ C.) we should stir up fruitfulness in the church

"Not neglecting to meet together" (Heb. 10:25)

Christians should:

- ☐ A.) keep in touch through social media
- ☒ B.) consistently worship and serve in the church
- ☐ C.) serve Christ in isolation from each other

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Not neglecting to meet together"
"Encourage one another and build one another up"
"Stir up one another to love and good works"

- The church should be a safe community where believers _____
encourage one another and build one another (1 Thess. 5:11).
- In our relationships with other Christians, we should _____
stir one another up to love and good (Heb. 10:24).
- As Christians, we should be committed to the church, _____
not neglecting to meet together (Heb. 10:25).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that we should grow in Christ at church?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

John 14:1-4

The hope of heavenly citizens

Phil. 3:20-21

A certain promise for troubled hearts

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

“I will come again and will take you to myself” (John 14:3) Jesus will:

- A.) return and reject Christians (B.) return and receive Christians
C.) return and receive everyone

“We await a Savior” (Phil. 3:20) Believers:

- A.) think Christ might return
B.) don't concern themselves with Christ's return
(C.) confidently expect Christ to return

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



“I will come again and will take you to myself”
“We await a Savior”

- Believers have hope in this world because we await a Savior (Phil. 3:20).
- The future need not scare us because Jesus said, I will come again and will take you to myself (John 14:3).
- Christians trust God's Word, so we await a Savior (Phil. 3:20).
- We have joy in sorrow because Jesus promised, I will come again and will take you to myself (John 14:3).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus will return?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | | |
|-----------------|---|---|
| 1 Cor. 15:50-58 | — | The Christian's final victory |
| Phil. 3:20-21 | — | Responsibility and reward for the children of God |
| 1 John 2:28-3:3 | — | The hope of heavenly citizens |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"We shall be changed" (1 Cor. 15:52) At Christ's return, believers will be:
☒ A.) instantly transformed B.) slowly changed C.) not changed at all

"Who will transform our lowly body" (Phil. 3:21)
A.) our body will remain the same ☒ B.) our body will be glorified
C.) our body will be somewhat improved

"We shall be like him" (1 John 3:2) When Christ returns, our body will be:
A.) mostly the same B.) made like an angel's ☒ C.) made like Christ's

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"We shall be changed" "We shall be like him"
"Who will transform our lowly body"

- Believers await the return of Christ, who will transform our lowly body (Phil. 3:21).
- Our lives are tainted by sin, but we shall be changed when Christ returns (1 Cor. 15:52).
- At His coming, we will see Him in glory, and we shall be like him (1 John 3:2).
- Christ's return fills us with joy because we shall be like him (1 John 3:2).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus will come again and glorify the saints?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

Acts 17:22-31

The perils of neglecting salvation

Heb. 2:1-4

Paul's sermon on Mars Hill

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"He will judge the world in righteousness" (Acts 17:31)

Through Jesus, the Father will:

- A.) incorrectly judge the world **B.) fairly judge the world**
C.) not judge the world

"How shall we escape" (Heb. 2:3) Those who reject Christ:

- A.) will not escape judgment** B.) will escape some judgment
C.) will escape all judgment

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"How shall we escape"
"He will judge the world in righteousness"

- God will not overlook sin, but he will judge the world in righteousness (Acts 17:31).
- If we reject Christ, how shall we escape God's justice (Heb. 2:3)?
- He will judge the world in righteousness through His Son Jesus Christ (Acts 17:31).
- How shall we escape God's wrath without Christ (Heb. 2:3)?

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that Jesus will come again and judge the world?



Consider the

Meaning

1

Read the context of your memory verses. Draw lines to match the references below to their correct summary.

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| Mic. 6:6-8 | Christ's summons to be salt and light |
| Matt. 5:13-16 | Sinners justified by faith in Jesus Christ |
| Gal. 2:15-21 | The Lord's righteous requirement for His people |

2

What do these key phrases mean?
Circle the correct answer. Use the references for help.

"To do justice, and to love kindness, and to walk humbly" (Mic. 6:8)
Believers should live:

- ☒ A.) in holiness B.) in sin C.) any way they want

"Let your light shine before others" (Matt. 5:16)

- A.) hide your godliness ☒ B.) display your godliness C.) neglect godliness

"Christ who lives in me" (Gal. 2:20) Christ:

- ☒ A.) empowers godly living B.) gives some power for godly living
C.) gives no power for godly living

3

Complete these statements using the Scripture Word Bank. Use your memory verses for help. Read the finished sentences aloud.



"Let your light shine before others"

"Christ who lives in me"

"To do justice, and to love kindness, and to walk humbly"

- To do justice, and to love kindness, and to walk humbly
_____ are commitments of Christian living (Mic. 6:8).
- Don't hide your godliness, but let your light shine before others
_____ (Matt. 5:16).
- I can live a godly life since it is Christ who lives in me
_____ (Gal. 2:20).
- Live for God's glory and let your light shine before others
_____ (Matt. 5:16).

4

Discuss: How will you live differently after meditating on the truth that believers should live for Jesus?